NEBRASKA REAL ESTATE COMMISSION

REAL ESTATE TRUST ACCOUNT MANUAL UPDATE

Enclosed are new pages to be used to update your copy of the **Nebraska Real Estate Trust Account Manual**. You may discard the pages replaced.

Remove Old Pages:	Insert New Pages:	Changes Included:
Table of Contents dated 8/06	Table of Contents dated 1/17	General Real Estate Trust Account Information added page GEN G-1
	GEN G-1 dated 1/17	Added new section General Real Estate Trust Account Information. G-1 Records Relating to Funds That Bypass the Broker Trust Account
SALES B-1 dated 9/16	SALES B-1 dated 1/17	Item 13 added: "Records of funds coming into the broker's possession which bypass the trust account"
MGMT B-1 dated 8/06	MGMT B-1 dated 1/17	Item 10 added: "Records of funds coming into the broker's possession which bypass the trust account"

If you have any questions regarding this update, please call the Commission Office at 402-471-2004. Thank you for your cooperation.

NEBRASKA REAL ESTATE COMMISSION TRUST ACCOUNT MANUAL

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		PAGE		
I.	GENERAL REAL ESTATE TRUST ACCOUNT INFORMATION			
	A. Broker Responsibility	GEN A-1		
	B. Establishing a Trust Account	GEN B-1		
	C. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Requirements	GEN C-1		
	D. Unclaimed Trust Funds	GEN D-1		
	E. Records Storage on Alternative Media	GEN E-1		
	F. Retention of Canceled Checks and Deposit Slips	GEN F-1		
	G. Records Relating to Funds That Bypass the Broker Trust Account.	GEN G-1		
II.	REAL ESTATE SALES ACCOUNTS			
	A. Identification of Trust Account	SALES A-1		
	B. Trust Account Records	SALES B-1		
	C. Broker's Equity	SALES C-1		
	D. Handling Trust Funds - Receipts	SALES D-1		
	E. Handling Trust Funds - Disbursements	SALES E-1		
	F. Third Party Closings	SALES F-1		
	G. Trust Account Bookkeeping - Illustrated			
	1. Manually Posted Systems	SALES G-1		
	2. Computerized Systems	SALES G-12		
	H. Trust Account Examinations	SALES H-1		
III.	REAL ESTATE PROPERTY MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTS			
	A. Identification of Trust Account	MGMT A-1		
	B. Trust Account Records	,MGMT B-1		
	C. Broker's Equity	MGMT C-1		
	D. Handling Trust Funds - Receipts	MGMT D-1		
	E. Handling Trust Funds - Disbursements	MGMT E-1		
	F. Trust Account Bookkeeping - Illustrated			
	1. Manually Posted Systems	MGMT F-1		
	2. Computerized Systems	MGMT F-6		
	G. Trust Account Examinations	MGMT G-1		
	H Ownership Interest	MGMT H-1		

I. General Information

G. Records Relating to Funds That Bypass the Broker Trust Account

Brokers (including the broker, their affiliated licensees, and administrative employees) often come into possession of client or customer funds which bypass the broker trust account. Examples of such funds would include earnest money deposits that bypass the broker trust account, or checks, or other monies, except cash, payable to a third party, such as a contractor or other service provider. Possession of such funds should be recorded in writing as described in more detail below:

Possession of client or customer funds which bypass the broker trust account should be recorded in writing with such record containing the date the funds come into the licensee's possession, the amount, and to whom the funds are payable according to the terms of the check or money order or the terms of the contract. Likewise, a record of when and to whom the possession of such funds is transferred to should also be recorded.

Such records may be incorporated into an existing contract or other transaction document such as a purchase agreement, or acknowledged by separate receipt. If the third party providing or receiving the funds is unable to or unwilling to provide or sign such record, the broker shall make a note with the information required relating to the possession and transfer of funds in the transaction file.

Under no circumstances should any cash received or checks made payable to the brokerage bypass the broker trust account. Such funds must be deposited into the broker trust account and a check issued from the account to the appropriate party.

GEN G-1 1/17

II. SALES ACCOUNTS

B. Trust Account Records

The Nebraska Real Estate License Act and Rules require each broker to maintain a bookkeeping system which clearly and accurately accounts for all trust funds received and how those trust funds are disbursed. Section G of the Sales Accounts Chapter of this Manual provides the licensee with illustrated examples of trust account bookkeeping for a sales account.

Chapter 3-001 of the Commission Rules states, "It shall be the duty of each broker to preserve for five years following its consummation records relating to any real estate transaction."

Records which must be maintained by the broker include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Listing agreements and any extensions thereto
- 2. Agency agreements and disclosures
- 3. Seller Property Condition Disclosure statements, when applicable
- 4. Estimated closing cost disclosures, when applicable
- 5. Purchase agreements and any addenda thereto
- Closing statements buyer and seller*
- 7. Checkbooks and checkbook registers
- 8. Checks canceled, voided, and unused
- 9. Financial institution statements and reconciliations
- 10. Deposit slips originals and/or duplicates
- 11. Bookkeeping system general ledger and sub-ledger
- 12. Supporting vendor invoices, if applicable
- 13. Records of funds coming into the broker's possession which bypass the trust account
- 14. Any other documents pertinent to the transaction.

^{*}Provided – it shall not be considered a compliance issue if the closing statement is absent from the file because the financial institution, closing agent or other party with access to the records will not provide such statements due to privacy concerns.

III. PROPERTY MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTS

B. Trust Account Records

The Nebraska Real Estate License Act and Rules require each broker to maintain a bookkeeping system which will clearly and accurately account for all trust funds received, and how those trust funds are disbursed. Section F of the Property Management Chapter of this Manual provides the licensee with illustrated examples of trust account bookkeeping for a property management account.

Chapter 3-001 of the Commission Rules states, "It shall be the duty of each broker to preserve for five years following its consummation records relating to any real estate transaction."

Records which must be maintained by the broker include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Management agreements
- 2. Lease agreements
- Checkbooks and checkbook registers
- 4. Checks canceled, voided, and unused
- 5. Financial institution statements and reconciliations
- 6. Deposit slips originals and/or duplicates
- 7. Bookkeeping system general ledger and sub-ledger
- 8. Property owner financial reports
- 9. Supporting vendor invoices.
- Records of funds coming into the broker's possession which bypass the trust account